

#### **Direction Sheet: Leader**

Participants will chart the route that the Israelites took on their journey out of Egypt.

There are two sets of directions available. The travelogue given in *Shemot* (Exodus) gives more details about events while the one from *Bemidbar* (Numbers) focuses more on the route taken. Think about which one (or if giving both) is most appropriate for your Seder participants. Participants can use toothpicks to lay out their route on the map.

Some helpful hints that can be offered as participants work through the map to solve the directional lock:

- a) Let participants know that this puzzle is for the directional lock.
- b) Point out that they need to focus on four directions: north, south, east, and west. While "southeast" might seem like an option here, participants must choose the best of the four main directions

#### Materials needed

1 Directional lock

1 Map with the Israelites' route out of Egypt – for the leader

1 Map without the Israelites' route out of Egypt – for the participants

Toothpicks

Travelogue verses from Shemot (Exodus)

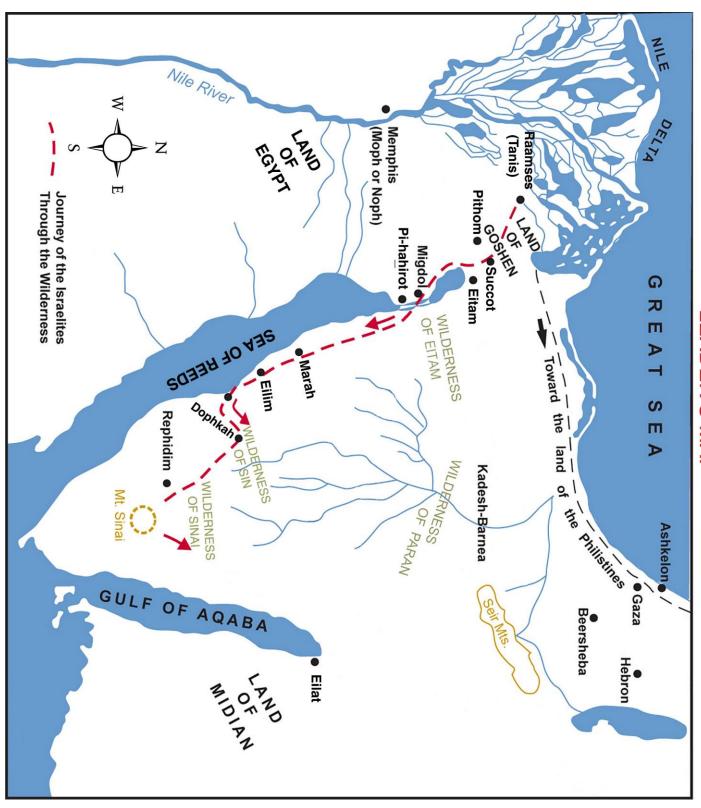
AND/ OR

Travelogue verses from Bemidbar (Numbers)

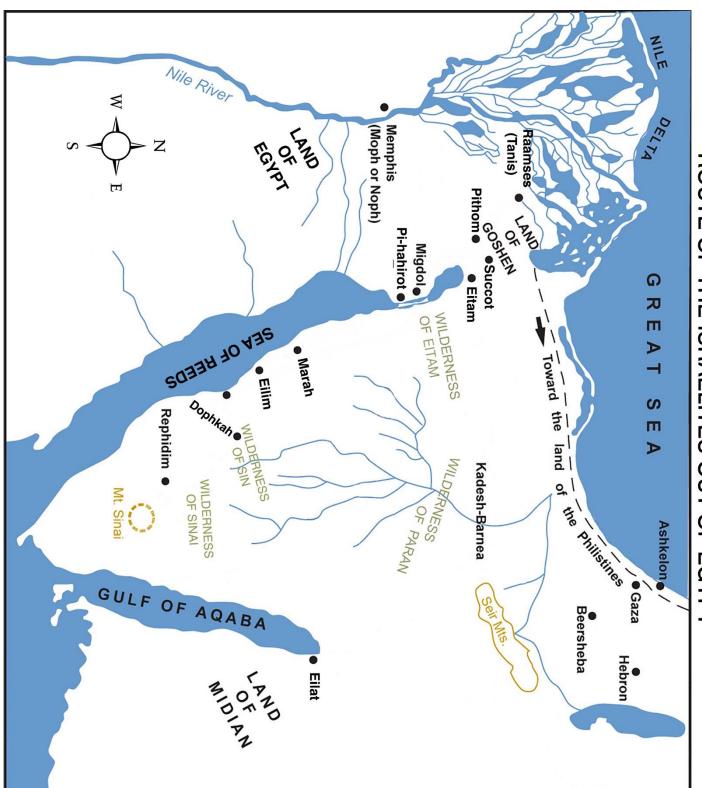
#### Prepare in advance

Set the directional lock to  $\downarrow \rightarrow \downarrow \uparrow$  (down, right, down, up). These directions will be the equivalent of South, East, South, North. Place the lock on the box. Make sure participants know how to use the directional lock before they begin solving the puzzle.

Remember, gather everything you need for this puzzle and put it into a large, numbered envelope.







ROUTE OF THE ISRAELITES OUT OF EGYPT



When *B'nei Yisrael* (the Israelites) left Egypt, they traveled for two months until they reached Mount Sinai, where they would receive the Torah three days later. If one looks at a map, this route seems strange if the idea was to arrive in the Promised Land since there was a much more direct route. In fact, the text of the Torah even indicates that God led *B'nei Yisrael* on a roundabout route for a specific purpose. Use the pesukim (verses) provided to follow *B'nei Yisrael*'s route out of Egypt and to Mount Sinai. Use the toothpicks to lay out the route.

Note: Many of the locations along the route cannot be placed with certainty. The provided map gives one accepted theory.

Bemidbar (Numbers) 33:1, 5-15	במדבר לג:א-טו
<sup>1</sup> These are the journeys of <i>B'nei Yisrael</i> when they went out from the land of Egypt according to their troops in the charge of Moshe and Aharon.	אאֵלֶּה מַסְעֵי בְנֵי־יִשְׂרָאֵל אֲשֶׁר יָצְאוּ מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם לְצִבְאֹתָם בְּיַד־ מֹשֶׁה וְאַהֲרֹן:
<sup>5</sup> B'nei Yisrael journeyed from Raamses and encamped at Succot.	רּוַיִּסְעוּ בְנֵי־יִשְׂרָאֵל מֵרַעְמְסֵס וַיַּחֲנוּ בְּסֻכֹּת:
<sup>6</sup> The journeyed from Succot and encamped at Eitam which is at the edge of the wilderness.	וַיִּסְעוּ מִסֻּכֹּת וַיַּחֲנוּ בְאֵתָם אֲשֶׁר בִּקְצֵה הַמִּדְבָּר:
<sup>7</sup> They journeyed from Eitam and turned about toward Pi-ha <u>h</u> irot which faces Ba'al-tzephon; they encamped before Migdol.	יוַיִּסְעוּ מֵאֵתָם וַיָּשָׁב עַל־פִּי הַחִירֹת אֲשֶׁר עַל־פְּנֵי בַּעַל צְפוֹן וַיַּחֲנוּ לִפְנֵי מִגְדֹּל:
<sup>8</sup> They journeyed from P'nei-Ha <u>h</u> irot and they passed through the sea to the wilderness; they went a three-days' journey into the wilderness of Eitam and they encamped at Marah.	<sup>ח</sup> וַיִּסְעוּ מִפְּנֵי הַחִירֹת וַיַּעַבְרוּ בְתוֹךְ־הַיָּם הַמִּדְבָּרָה וַיֵּלְכוּ דֶּרֶךְ שְׁלֹשֶׁת יָמִים בְּמִדְבַּר אֵתָם וַיַּחֲנוּ בְּמָרָה:
<sup>9</sup> They journeyed from Marah; they came to Eilim, and in Eilim there were 12 springs and 70 date-palms. They encamped there.	<sup>ט</sup> וַיִּסְעוּ מִמָּרָה וַיָּבֹאוּ אֵילִמָּה וּבְאֵילִם שְׁתֵּים עֶשְׂרֵה עֵינֹת מַיִם וְשִׁבְעִים תְּמָרִים וַיַּחֲנוּ־שָׁם: וְשָׁבְעִים תְּמָרִים וַיַּחֲנוּ־שָׁם:



<sup>10</sup> They journeyed from Eilim and encamped by the Sea of Reeds.	:חָיָסְעוּ מֵאֵילָם וַיַּחְנוּ עַל־יַם־סוּף
<sup>11</sup> They journeyed from the Sea of Reeds and encamped in the wilderness of Sin.	יאַ!יִסְעוּ מִיַּם־סוּף וַיַּחֲנוּ בְּמִדְבַּר־ סִין:
<sup>12</sup> They journeyed from the wilderness of Sin and encamped at Dophkah.	:בַּרְסְעוּ מִמִּדְבַּר־סִין וַיַּחֲנוּ בְּדָפְקָה
<sup>13</sup> They journeyed from Dophkah and encamped at Alush.	:עוּיִסְעוּ מִדָּפְקָה וַיַּחֲנוּ בְּאָלוּשׁ:
<sup>14</sup> They journeyed from Alush and encamped at Rephidim, and there was not water there for the people to drink.	דֵוִּסְעוּ מֵאָלוּשׁ וַיַּחֲנוּ בִּרְפִּידִם וְלֹאֹ־הָיָה שָׁם מַיִם לָעָם לְשְׁתּוֹת:
<sup>15</sup> They journeyed from Rephidim and encamped in the wilderness of Sinai.	<sup>טו</sup> וַיִּסְעוּ מֵרְפִידִם וַיְּחֲנוּ בְּמִדְבַּר סִינָי:

Which direction did *B'nei Yisrael* travel next? (Remember that they need to end up in the Promised Land.)



When *B'nei Yisrael* (the Israelites) left Egypt, they traveled for two months until they reached Mount Sinai, where they would receive the Torah three days later. If one looks at a map, this route seems strange if the idea was to arrive in the Promised Land since there was a much more direct route. In fact, the text of the Torah even indicates that God led *B'nei Yisrael* on a roundabout route for a specific purpose. Use the pesukim (verses) provided to follow *B'nei Yisrael*'s route out of Egypt and to Mount Sinai. Use the toothpicks to lay out the route.

Note: Many of the locations along the route cannot be placed with certainty. The provided map gives one accepted theory.

Shemot (Exodus) 12:37	שמות יב:לז
<i>B'nei Yisrael</i> journeyed from <b>Raamses</b>	וַיִּסְעוּ בְנֵי־יִשְׂרָאֵל מֵרַעְמְּסֵס
to <b>Succot</b> , about 600,000 men on foot,	סֻכֹּתָה כְּשֵׁשׁ־מֵאוֹת אֶלֶף רַגְלִי
aside from children.	הַגְּבָרִים לְבַד מִטָּף:

Shemot 13:17	שמות יג:יז
It came to pass when Pharaoh sent the	
people God did not lead them by way	וַיְהִי בְּשַׁלַּח פַּרְעֹה אֶת־הָעָם וְלֹא־
of the land of the Philistines although	נָחָם אֱלֹהִים דֶּרֶךְ אֶרֶץ פְּלִשְׁתִּים כִּי
it was close because God said, "Lest the	אָמַר אֶלֹהִים פֶּן־ קָרוֹב הוּא כִּי
people will have a change of heart	ּיַנָּחֵם הָעָם בִּרְאֹתָם מִלְחָמָה וְשָׁבוּ
when they see the war, and they will	מִצְרָיִמָּה:
return to Egypt."	7:7:

<i>Shemot</i> 13:18	שמות יג:יח
God led the people roundabout, by	_
way of the wilderness at the Sea of	וַיַּסֵב אֱלֹהִים אֶת־הָעָם דֶּרֶךְּ
<b>Reeds</b> (aka the Red Sea). Now <i>B'nei</i>	ַהַמִּדְבָּר יַם־סוּף וַחֲמֻשִּׁים עָלוּ בְנֵי־
Yisrael went up armed out of the land	יִשְׂרָאֵל מֵאֶרֵץ מִצְרָיִם:
of Egypt.	



Shemot 13:20	שמות יג:כ
They set out from <b>Succot</b> , and	וַיִּסְעוּ מִּסֻּכֹּת וַיַּחֲנוּ בְאֵתָם בִּקְצֵה
encamped at <b>Eitam</b> , at the edge of the	
wilderness.	ָהַמִּדְ <del>כָּ</del> ר:

Shemot 14:2	שמות יד:ב
Tell <i>B'nei Yisrael</i> to turn back and	ּדַבֵּר אֱל־בָּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְיָשֶׁבוּ וְיַחֲנוּ
encamp before <b>Pi-ha<u>h</u>irot</b> , between	ָלפְנֵי פִּי הַחִירֹת בֵּין מִגְדֹּל וּבֵין
Migdol and the sea, before Ba'al-	, ,
tzephon; you shall encamp facing it, by	הַיָּם לִפְנֵי בַּעַל צְפֹן נִכְחוֹ תַּחֲנוּ
the sea.	ַעַל־הַיָּם:

Shemot 14:9	שמות יד:ט
The Egyptians chased after them; and	וַיִּרְדָּפוּ מִצְרַיִם אַחֲרֵיהֶם וַיַּשִּׂיגוּ
all the chariot horses of Pharaoh, his	
horsemen, and his warriors overtook	אווּגָם ווּגָּם עַּוּ וּיֵיָם עָּוּ פּוּס עֶּעָב פַּרְעֹה וּפָּרָשָׁיו וְחֵילוֹ עַל־פִּי
them encamped by the sea, near Pi-	• • • •
hahirot, before Ba'al-tzephon.	הַחִירֹת לִפְנֵי בַּעַל צְפֹן:

Shemot 14:21-22	שמות יד:כא
<sup>21</sup> Then Moses held out his arm over the	כאורנו מוחר את-ובו חק-בים ויוקב
sea and YHVH drove back the sea with	<sup>כא</sup> וַיֵּט מֹשֶׁה אֶת־יָדוֹ עַל־הַיָּם וַיּוֹלֶךְ
a strong east wind all that night, and	יְיָ אֶת־הַיָּם בְּרוּחַ קָדִים עַזָּה כָּל־
turned the sea into dry ground. The	הַלַּיְלָה וַיָּשֶׂם אֶת־הַיָּם לֶחָרָבָה
waters were split, <sup>22</sup> and <i>B'nei Yisrael</i>	וַיִּבָּקְעוּ הַמָּיִם: <sup>כב</sup> וַיָּבֹאוּ בְנֵי־יִשְׂרָאֵל
went <b>into the sea</b> on dry ground, the	בְּתוֹךְ הַיָּם בַּיַבָּשָׁה וְהַמַּיִם לָהֶם
waters forming a wall for them on their	חוֹמָה מְימִינָם וּמִשְּׂמֹאלָם:
right and on their left.	יווביוו ביו ביו ובייף בייין ם.



Shemot 14:29	שמות יד:כט
But <i>B'nei Yisrael</i> had marched through <b>the sea</b> on dry ground, the waters forming a wall for them on their right	הַיָּם וְהַמַּיִם לָהֶם חֹמָה מִימִינָם הַ-ָּם וְהַמַּיִם לָהֶם חֹמָה מִימִינָם
and on their left.	וּמִשְּׂמֹאֹלָם:

Shemot 15:22	שמות טו:כב
Then Moshe caused Israel to set out	וַיַּסַע מֹשֵׁה אֶת־יִשִּׂרָאֵל מִיַּם־סוּף
from the <b>Sea of Reeds</b> . They went out	
into the wilderness of <b>Shur</b> ; they	
traveled three days in the wilderness	ּ שְׁלֹשֶׁת־יָמִים בַּמִּדְבָּר וְלֹא־מָצְאוּ
and found no water.	מָיִם:

Shemot 15:23	שמות טו:כג
They came to <b>Marah</b> but they could	
not drink the water of Marah because	וַיָּבֹאוּ מָרָתָה וְלֹא יָכְלוּ לִשְׁתֹּת מַיִם
it was bitter; that is why it was named	מְמָּרָה כִּי מָרִים הֵם עַל־כֵּן קָרָא־
Marah [from the Hebrew word for	:שָׁמָהּ מָרָה
bitter].	

Shemot 15:27	שמות טו:כג
And they came to <b>Eilim</b> , where there	וַיָּבֹאוּ אֵילִמָה וְשָׁם שְׁתֵּים עֶשְׂרֵה
were twelve springs of water and	עִינֹת מַיִם וְשָׁבָעִים תִּמָּרִים <u>וַיּ</u> חֵנוּ־
seventy date-palms; and they	• • • •
encamped there beside the water.	שָׁם עַל־הַמָּיִם:



Shemot 16:1	שמות טז:א
They set out from <b>Eilim</b> ; the whole	וַיִּסְעוּ מֵאֵילָם וַיָּבֹאוּ כָּל־עֲדַת בְּנֵי־
community of B'nei Yisrael came to the	יִשְׂרָאֵל אֱל־מִדְבַּר־סִין אֲשֵׁר בֵּין־
wilderness of <b>Sin</b> , which is between	אֵילָם וּבֵין סִינָי בַּחֲמִשָּׁה עָשָׂר יוֹם אֵילָם וּבֵין סִינָי בַּחֲמִשָּׁה עָשָׂר יוֹם
<b>Eilim</b> and <b>Sinai</b> , on the fifteenth day of	· -
the second month after their departure	לַחֹדֶשׁ הַשֵּׁנִי לְצֵאתָם מֵאֶרֶץ
from the land of Egypt.	מָצְרָיִם:

Shemot 17:1	שמות יז:א
The whole community of B'nei Yisrael	
journeyed from the wilderness of <b>Sin</b>	
by stages according to what YHVH	ַמָמָדְבַּר־סִין לְמַסְעֵיהֶם עַל־פִּי יְיָ
would command. They encamped at	וַיַּחֲנוּ בִּרְפִידִים וְאֵין מַיִם לִשְׁתֹּת
<b>Rephidim</b> , and there was no water for	ָהֶעֶם:
the people to drink.	* *

<i>Shemot</i> 19:1-2	שמות יט:א-ב
<sup>1</sup> On the third new moon after <i>B'nei</i>	
Yisrael had gone out from the land of	-אבַּחֹדֶשׁ הַשָּׁלִישִׁי לְצֵאת בְּנֵי
Egypt, on that very day, they entered	ָישְׂרָאֵל מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרָיִם בַּיּוֹם הַזֶּה
the wilderness of <b>Sinai</b> . <sup>2</sup> They	בָּאוּ מִדְבַּר סִינָי: <sup>ב</sup> וַיִּסְעוּ מֵרְפִידִים
journeyed from <b>Rephidim</b> , they	
entered the wilderness of <b>Sinai</b> and	וַיָּבאוּ מִדְבַּר סִינַי וַיַּחֲנוּ בַּמִּדְבָּר
encamped in the wilderness. Israel	וַיִּחַן־שָׁם יִשְׂרָאֵל נֶגֶד הָהָר:
encamped there against the mountain.	

Which direction did *B'nei Yisrael* travel next? (Remember that they need to end up in the Promised Land.)